FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Center, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Center, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Center Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 27-29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenses and Transfers Out for All Proprietary Funds and the Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Center Page 3

Wall, Smith, Batemarfre.

The Schedule of Expenses and Transfers Out for All Proprietary Funds and the Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenses and Transfers Out for All Proprietary Funds and the Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Alamosa, Colorado

September 1, 2015

TOWN OF CENTER, COLORADO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2014

	Primary G		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 412,538	\$ 2,088,557	\$ 2,501,095
Accounts Receivable	70,176	392,241	462,417
Due from Other Governments	39,561	-	39,561
Property Taxes Receivable	180,175	-	180,175
Internal Balances	(98,854)	98,854	-
Inventories	9,404	252,763	262,167
Total Current Assets	613,000	2,832,415	3,445,415
Capital Assets			
Land	3,750	186,828	190,578
Water Rights	-	74,500	74,500
Buildings and Improvements	38,802	430,873	469,675
Infrastructure	83,955	-	83,955
Plant, Property, and Equipment	306,038	951,383	1,257,421
Enterprise System	-	2,767,408	2,767,408
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(144,357)	(2,973,556)	(3,117,913)
Total Capital Assets	288,188	1,437,436	1,725,624
TOTAL ASSETS	901,188	4,269,851	5,171,039
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	37,111	341,821	378,932
Due to Other Governments	60,643	41,037	101,680
Unearned Revenue	· -	43,460	43,460
Customer Deposits	9,988	94,630	104,618
Total Current Liabilities	107,742	520,948	628,690
Long-Term Liabilities			
Compensated Absences	15,699	20,922	36,621
Total Long-Term Liabilities	15,699	20,922	36,621
TOTAL LIABILITIES	123,441	541,870	665,311
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - CURRENT			
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax	180,175		180,175
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	288,188	1,437,436	1,725,624
Restricted for:	,	, ,	, ,
TABOR	26,735	-	26,735
Unrestricted	282,649	2,290,545	2,573,194
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 597,572	\$ 3,727,981	\$ 4,325,553

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

TOWN OF CENTER, COLORADO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

							Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
				Progra	m Revenues							
			Charges	O	perating	Capital						
			for	G	rants &	Grants &	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contributions		Activities		Activities		TOTAL
Primary Government				'								
Governmental Activities												
General Government	\$ 476,623	\$	424,500	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(52,123)	\$	-	\$	(52,123)
Public Safety	441,974		24,232		9,618	-		(408, 124)		-		(408,124)
Municipal Court	29,015		5,665		-	-		(23,350)		-		(23,350)
Building and Planning	68:	;	4,340		-	-		3,655		-		3,655
Streets and Parks	145,992		-		22,059	-		(123,933)		-		(123,933)
Health and Welfare	152,655		157,375		-	-		4,720		-		4,720
Highway and Streets	56,33							(56,331)				(56,331)
Total Governmental Activities	1,303,275		616,112		31,677			(655,486)				(655,486)
Business-Type Activities												
Light and power	1,640,834		1,903,524		-	-		-		262,690		262,690
Gas	1,319,543		1,260,999		-	-		-		(58,544)		(58,544)
Water	325,559		371,629							46,070		46,070
Total Business-Type Activities	3,285,936		3,536,152	,	-					250,216		250,216
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,589,211		4,152,264	\$	31,677	\$ -		(655,486)		250,216		(405,270)
			eneral Revenues	:								
		-	Γaxes:									
			General Property	Taxes	- Net			214,699		-		214,699
			Sales Taxes					253,463		-		253,463
			Highway Users	Гах				65,418		-		65,418
			Other Taxes					33,626		-		33,626
			nterest on Investr	nents				1,896		1,594		3,490
			Miscellaneous					12,345				12,345
		T	otal General Rev	venues				581,447		1,594		583,041
			Change in No	et Positi	on			(74,039)		251,810		177,771
		N	et Position - Beg	inning				671,611		3,476,171		4,147,782
		N	et Position - End	ling			\$	597,572	\$	3,727,981	\$	4,325,553

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2014

_		GENERAL FUND				STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND		CONSERVATION TRUST FUND		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	31,736	\$	272,303	\$	108,499	\$	412,538			
Accounts Receivable		70,176		<u>-</u>		-		70,176			
Due from Other Governments		22,179		17,382		-		39,561			
Due from Other Funds		4,217		102,562		26,549		133,328			
Property Taxes Receivable		180,175		-		-		180,175			
Inventory		9,404						9,404			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	317,887	\$	392,247	\$	135,048	\$	845,182			
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	37,111	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,111			
Due to Other Governments		60,643		-		-		60,643			
Due to Other Funds		215,335		16,847		-		232,182			
Customer Deposits		9,988		-			-	9,988			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		323,077		16,847				339,924			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax		180,175						180,175			
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable											
Inventory		9,404		-		-		9,404			
Restricted											
TABOR Amendment Reserve		26,735		-		-		26,735			
Committed											
Capital Projects		-		375,400				375,400			
Assigned											
Culture and Recreation		-				135,048		135,048			
Unassigned		(221,504)						(221,504)			
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		(185,365)		375,400		135,048		325,083			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	<u>\$</u>	317,887	\$	392,247	\$	135,048	\$	845,182			

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2014

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	325,083
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		288,188
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences		(15,699)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	_\$	597,572

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	GENERAL FUND	IMPR	TREET OVEMENT FUND	CONSERVATION TRUST FUND		GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 374,976	\$	126,812	\$	-	\$	501,788
Licenses and Permits	4,340		-		-		4,340
Intergovernmental Revenue	75,036				22,059		97,095
Charges for Services	611,772		-		-		611,772
Interest on Accounts	1,628		268		-		1,896
Miscellaneous Revenue	12,206				139		12,345
TOTAL REVENUES	1,079,958		127,080		22,198		1,229,236
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	466,360		-		-		466,360
Public Safety	427,440		-		-		427,440
Municipal Court	29,015		-		-		29,015
Building and Planning	685		-		-		685
Streets and Parks	133,459		-		-		133,459
Health and Welfare	152,655		-		-		152,655
Highway and Streets			56,331				56,331
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,209,614	· 	56,331				1,265,945
Net Change in Fund Balance	(129,656)		70,749		22,198		(36,709)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(55,709)		304,651		112,850		361,792
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (185,365)	\$	375,400	\$	135,048	\$	325,083

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (36,709)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Depreciation expense	(43,329)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in Compensated Absences not reflected	

\$ (74,039)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2014

	LIGHT AND POWER FUND	NATURAL GAS FUND	WATER FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,145,363	\$ 805,214	\$ 137,980	\$ 2,088,557
Accounts Receivable	181,544	171,421	39,276	392,241
Due from Other Funds	82,884	75,667	30,864	189,415
Inventories	224,324	14,605	13,834	252,763
Total Current Assets	1,634,115	1,066,907	221,954	2,922,976
Capital Assets				
Land and Improvements	114,128	5,750	66,950	186,828
Intangible and Water Rights	-	-	74,500	74,500
Buildings	185,117	105,690	140,066	430,873
Enterprise System Assets	1,727,865	394,994	644,549	2,767,408
Equipment and Furniture	738,243	150,606	62,534	951,383
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,010,413)	(434,029)	(529,114)	(2,973,556)
Total Capital Assets	754,940	223,011	459,485	1,437,436
TOTAL ASSETS	2,389,055	1,289,918	681,439	4,360,412
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	132,866	201,420	7,535	341,821
Customer Deposits	38,295	49,842	6,493	94,630
Due to Other Funds	71,569	-	18,992	90,561
Unearned Revenue	23,770	19,690	-	43,460
Due to Other Governments	13,016	28,021		41,037
Total Current Liabilities	279,516	298,973	33,020	611,509
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences	7,983	8,658	4,281	20,922
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,983	8,658	4,281	20,922
TOTAL LIABILITIES	287,499	307,631	37,301	632,431
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	754,940	223,011	459,485	1,437,436
Unrestricted	1,346,616	759,276	184,653	2,290,545
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,101,556	\$ 982,287	\$ 644,138	\$ 3,727,981

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	LIGHT AND POWER FUND	POWER GAS WATER		TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services				
Utility Sales	\$ 1,897,451	\$ 1,254,194	\$ 370,280	\$ 3,521,925
Labor and Service Charges	3,406	1,453	1,289	6,148
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,667	5,352	60	8,079
Total Operating Revenues	1,903,524	1,260,999	371,629	3,536,152
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries	130,635	123,367	92,465	346,467
FICA/Medicare	9,812	9,410	7,073	26,295
Employee Benefits	23,304	29,988	24,976	78,268
Electricity Purchase	1,144,958	-	-	1,144,958
Gas Purchase	-	1,004,364	-	1,004,364
Training	6,982	1,678	709	9,369
Repairs and Maintenance	33,292	1,241	21,521	56,054
Meter Replacement	-	2,495	53,291	55,786
Professional Fees	22,132	3,297	43,574	69,003
Fuel and oil	5,146	5,361	4,941	15,448
Supplies and Equipment	12,423	31,467	28,752	72,642
Depreciation	48,503	11,518	13,779	73,800
Adminstration Fees	200,000	100,000	30,000	330,000
Miscellaneous	3,647	(4,643)	4,478	3,482
Total Operating Expenses	1,640,834	1,319,543	325,559	3,285,936
Operating Income (Loss)	262,690	(58,544)	46,070	250,216
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest on Accounts	1,182	348	64	1,594
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,182	348	64	1,594
Change in Net Position	263,872	(58,196)	46,134	251,810
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,837,684	1,040,483	598,004	3,476,171
Net Position End of Year	\$ 2,101,556	\$ 982,287	\$ 644,138	\$ 3,727,981

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

		IGHT AND POWER FUND	N	ATURAL GAS FUND		VATER FUND		TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,939,852	\$	1,295,840	\$	364,500	\$	3,600,192
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	Ψ	(1,495,354)	Ψ	(1,129,221)	Ψ	(115,872)	Ψ	(2,740,447)
Cash Payments to Employees		(1,475,534) $(130,635)$		(123,367)		(92,465)		(346,467)
Cash Payments to Employees Cash Payments for Employee Benefits and Taxes		(33,116)		(39,398)		(32,049)		(104,563)
Cash Faymons for Employee Benefits and Taxes		(33,110)		(37,370)		(32,017)		(101,303)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		280,747		3,854		124,114		408,715
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
FINANCING								
ACTIVITIES								
Customer Deposits		(1,045)		(1,569)		(100)		(2,714)
Purchase of Fixed Assets		(220,127)		(27,973)				(248,100)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR CAPITAL AND RELATE	n							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u> —</u>	(221,172)		(29,542)		(100)		(250,814)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest Income		1,182		348		64		1,594
		, , ,						
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,182		348		64		1,594
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		60,757		(25,340)		124,078		159,495
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,084,606		830,554		13,902	_	1,929,062
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	1,145,363	\$	805,214	\$	137,980	\$	2,088,557
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	262,690	\$	(58,544)	\$	46,070	\$	250,216
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to								
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation expense		48,503		11,518		13,779		73,800
Impaired capital assets		-		-		53,291		53,291
Change in Assets and Liabilities								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		52,906		55,856		(7,129)		101,633
(Increase) decrease in due from/to other funds		117,232		(87,075)		-		30,157
(Increase) decrease in inventory		- (10/.055		11,696		18,985		30,681
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(184,022)		50,692		(882)		(134,212)
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		16		21		-		37
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(16,578)		19,690			_	3,112
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	280,747	\$	3,854	\$	124,114	\$	408,715

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Center, (the Town), reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

The Town of Center was incorporated in 1906. A Board of Trustees, consisting of six elected Board members and an elected mayor, governs the Town. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP), these financial statements present the activities of the Town, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The Town provides numerous services to all Town residents including, but not limited to, general government, road maintenance, police protection, utility services, and parks and recreation.

Component Units

The Town's combined financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- λ The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- λ The Town holds the corporate powers of the organization
- λ The Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- λ The Town is able to impose its will on the organization
- λ The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town
- λ There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town
- λ The organization is financially accountable to the Town
- λ The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the Town; and the Town has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the Town

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town does not have any component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the Town. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include:

λ Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.

λ Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds and enterprise funds, each reported as a separate column.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements, imposed by the provider, are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales and use taxes, other taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- λ The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- λ The *Street Improvement Fund* is used to account for street improvement costs and is funded by a sales tax of one percent.
- λ The *Conservation Trust Fund* is used to account for the Town share of the state lottery program. The monies may be expended only for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of parks, and other public recreational facilities.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

- λ The *Light and Power Fund* is used to account for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Town's light and power system.
- λ The *Natural Gas Fund* is used to account for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Town's natural gas system.
- λ The *Water Fund* is used to account for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Town's water system.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a

proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash in bank, certificates of deposit, and liquid investments with maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All investments, if any, are recorded at fair market value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The Town's property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer who remits monthly receipts to the Town. Property tax revenue is recognized when received by the County Treasurer.

The 2014 property tax levy due January 1, 2015, has been recorded in the financial statements as a receivable and corresponding deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements.

Receivables/Payables From Other Funds

Balances that originate from current lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are referred to as "Due To/From Other Funds".

Inventory

Inventories held by all funds except the General Fund public works department, Light and Power, Natural Gas, and Water funds have been recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. General Fund, Light and Power, Natural Gas, and Water fund inventories are stated at market value at December 31, 2014, as management was unable to determine approximate cost.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	5-60
Equipment	5-10
Plant	60
Infrastructure	10
Vehicles	5-10

GASB No. 34 requires the Town to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc.

Compensated absences

Personal time off is granted to full-time employees only and accrual rates are dependent on years of employment and exempt status. Employees may not carry-over more than 360 hours on December 31st of every year. Upon separation from the Town an employee will be paid for all accrued leave, up to the maximum accrual of 360 hours. A liability is recorded for compensated absences in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Interest Capitalization

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds and similar component units on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets. Interest earned on proceeds of tax-exempt borrowing arrangements restricted to the acquisition of qualifying assets is offset against interest costs in determining the amount to be capitalized. No interest was capitalized in the current period.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Encumbrances

The Town does record purchase orders in the accounting system upon approval of administration. End of the year fund balance intended to be used in the succeeding year is reported as designated fund balance.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position should be displayed in the following three components:

λ Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.

- λ Restricted consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- λ *Unrestricted* consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported based on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of the five categories:

- λ *Nonspendable* amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form- such as inventory and prepaid insurance.
- λ Restricted amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- λ Committed amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by adopted ordinance of the Board of Trustees, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removed those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- λ Assigned amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- λ *Unassigned* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Contracts

The Town contracts with a private carrier for trash removal and sanitation services. The Town bills the individual customers and remits the collections less a billing fee to the carrier.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado Local Government Budget Law when preparing the annual budget for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- λ Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff shall be submitted to the Board no later than October 15 of each year.
- λ Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- λ Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- λ Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution, no later than December 31.
- λ Ordinance to adopt supplemental appropriations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the Town. All fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

Stewardship

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations during 2014. This may be a violation of Colorado Revised Statutes 29-1-110.

General Fund \$ 113,538 Light & Power Fund \$ 75,813 Natural Gas Fund \$ 374,353

The General Fund has a negative fund balance of \$185,365 as of December 31, 2014. This may be a violation of Colorado Revised Statutes.

NOTE 3 CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of Cash and Investments for the Town are as follows:

Cash on Hand	\$ 491
Cash desposited with Banks	2,216,706
Investments - ColoTrust	 283,898
Total cash, deposits, and investments on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 2,501,095

CASH AND DEPOSITS

Colorado State Statutes govern the Town's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. All deposits in 2014 were in eligible public deposit ories, as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act of 1989.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2014, \$1,740,184 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions through PDPA.

INVESTMENTS

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. They include:

- λ Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- λ Certain international agency securities
- λ General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- λ Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- λ Commercial paper
- λ Local government investment pools
- λ Repurchase agreements
- λ Money market funds
- λ Guaranteed investment contracts
- λ Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

Credit Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy, they refer to Colorado State Statutes for investment guidance, that calls for diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. As of December 31, 2014, the local government investment pools (ColoTrust) in which the Town had invested was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates. The Town has no investments with maturities past five years.

The Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. ColoTrust operates in a manner similar to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pool consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes.

Investments in local government investment pools or money market funds are not categorized as to risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2014, the Town had accounts receivable as follows:

General Fund	\$ 70,176
Light & Power Fund (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$42,653)	181,544
Gas Fund (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$3,590)	171,421
Water Fund (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$6,099)	39,276
Total	\$ 462,417

NOTE 5 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from grantors for specific program grants. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

As of December 31, 2014, the Town had \$39,561 due from federal, state, and local governments, reflected as intergovernmental receivables in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Town reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The balances result from the time lapse between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are reported in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2014, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 4,217
Conservation Trust Fund	General Fund	26,549
Street Improvement Fund	General Fund	102,562
Gas Fund	General Fund Light & Power	34,962 40,705 75,667
Water Fund	Light & Power	30,864
Light & Power Fund	General Fund Street Improvement Fund Water Fund	51,262 16,847 14,775 82,884
Total		\$ 322,743

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	I	Balance					F	Balance
	12	/31/2013	A	dditions	Deletions		12/31/2014	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land and Land Improvements	\$	3,750	\$	-	\$	-		3,750
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,750						3,750
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		38,802		-		-		38,802
Property, Plant & Equipment		306,038		-		-		306,038
Infrastructure		83,955		-				83,955
				-				
Total capital assets being depreciated		428,795						428,795
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		101,028		43,329				144,357
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		327,767		(43,329)				284,438
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	331,517	\$	(43,329)	\$		\$	288,188

	Balance 12/31/2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2014
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 186,828	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,828
Water Rights	74,500	-	-	74,500
Construction in Progress	250,150		250,150	
	711 15 0		250 150	261.220
Total capital assets not being depreciated	511,478		250,150	261,328
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	430,873	-	-	430,873
Enterprise System	2,648,208	119,200	-	2,767,408
Equipment and Furniture	655,781	295,602		951,383
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,734,862	414,802	-	4,149,664
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	2,899,756	73,800		2,973,556
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	835,106	341,002		1,176,108
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,346,584	\$ 341,002	\$ 250,150	\$ 1,437,436

Meter replacement expense include an impairment loss of \$53,291 due to the water meter project not being completed.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 16,262
Streets and Parks	12,533
Public Safety	14,534
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 43,329
Business-type Activities	
Light & Power Services	\$ 48,503
Natural Gas Services	11,518
Water Services	13,779
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 73,800

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-term Debt

	_	alance 31/2013	Addi	tions	De	letions	_	alance 31/2014	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	21,698	\$		\$	5,999	\$	15,699	\$ -
Business-type Activities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	20,922	\$		\$		\$	20,922	\$ -

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan

The Town offers a SIMPLE IRA defined contribution plan through Invesco. This plan is available to all eligible full-time employees after six months of employment, except sworn police officers. The Town will contribute a matching contribution to each eligible employee equal to the employee's contributions up to a limit of 3%. The employees become 100% vested in the Town's contribution once they are eligible to contribute to the plan. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, total employee contributions to the Plan were \$14,270 and matching Town contributions totaled \$10.112.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Town contributes to the State-Wide Defined Benefit Fund (The Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA). The Plan covers all full-time police officers hired on or after April 8, 1978 (New Hires) under the provisions of Title 31, Article 30, of Colorado Revised Statutes 1973, as amended. The FPPA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Fire and Police Association, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 100, Englewood, CO 80111-2721 or by calling 1-800-332-FPPA.

Plan members and the Town are required by Colorado statute to contribute 8% of the employees' salary to the Plan. The Town's contributions to the Plan for the years ending December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$15,786, \$16,936, and \$14,763, respectively, equal to the required contributions.

NOTE 10 TABOR EMERGENCY RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The Town believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

On April 4, 2000, the voters of Center passed a ballot issue to permit the Town of Center "in 1999 and each subsequent year thereafter, to retain and spend Town revenues in excess of the spending, revenue raising, or other limits in Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado constitution, utilizing such revenues for public safety, municipal

services, transportation and other public improvements, park and recreational facilities, and any other lawful purpose as voter-approved revenue change."

The amendment also requires that Emergency Reserves be established. These reserves must be at least 3 percent of fiscal year spending in 1995 and thereafter. This Emergency Reserve has been presented as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund. The entity is not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lawsuits

The Town is party to various legal actions normally associated with governmental activities, aggregate effect which, in management's and legal counsel's opinion, would not be material to the financial statements.

NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In 2015, the Town will begin a water storage project. Funding has been obtained from a Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority through a governmental agency bond in the amount of \$1,103,000.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements, a budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and, if applicable, each of the Town's major special revenue funds.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	E	BUDGETED) AM(DUNTS			FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET OSITIVE
	OR	IGINAL		FINAL		CTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	429,200	\$	429,200	\$	374,976	\$	(54,224)
Licenses and Permits		3,400		3,400		4,340		940
Intergovernmental Revenue		65,000		65,000		75,036		10,036
Charges for Services		604,560		604,560		611,772		7,212
Interest on Accounts		75		75		1,628		1,553
Miscellaneous Revenue		25,500		25,500		12,206		(13,294)
TOTAL REVENUE		1,127,735		1,127,735		1,079,958		(47,777)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		426,098		426,098		466,360		(40,262)
Public Safety		398,577		398,577		427,440		(28,863)
Municipal Court		28,781		28,781		29,015		(234)
Building and Planning		-		-		685		(685)
Streets and Parks		97,620		97,620		133,459		(35,839)
Sanitation Contractual		145,000		145,000		152,655		(7,655)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,096,076		1,096,076		1,209,614		(113,538)
Net Change in Fund Balance		31,659		31,659		(129,656)		(161,315)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		265,020		265,020		(55,709)		(320,729)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	296,679	\$	296,679	\$	(185,365)	\$	(482,044)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	BUDGETED RIGINAL	UNTS	A	CTUAL	FINA PO	ANCE WITH L BUDGET OSITIVE CGATIVE)
REVENUES						
Sales Tax	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$	126,812	\$	(23,188)
Interest Income	100	 100		268		168
TOTAL REVENUES	 150,100	 150,100		127,080	\$	(23,020)
EXPENDITURES						
Highway and Streets	93,120	 93,120		56,331		36,789
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	93,120	93,120		56,331		36,789
Net Change in Fund Balance	56,980	56,980		70,749		13,769
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	426,991	 426,991		304,651		(122,340)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 483,971	\$ 483,971	\$	375,400	\$	(108,571)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	DUDGETED	AMO	I INITO			FINA	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	BUDGETED RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL		OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES							
Lottery Proceeds	\$ 246,100	\$	246,100	\$	22,059	\$	(224,041)
Miscellaneous Revenue					139		139
TOTAL REVENUES	 246,100		246,100		22,198		(223,902)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay	 61,200		61,200				61,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	61,200		61,200				61,200
Net Change in Fund Balance	184,900		184,900		22,198		(162,702)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	94,299		94,299		112,850		18,551
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 279,199	\$	279,199	\$	135,048	\$	(144,151)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

TOWN OF CENTER, COLORADO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

30

TOWN OF CENTER, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES AND TRANSFERS OUT ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

					EXP	ENDITURES			EXP	ENDITURES	VARL	ANCE WITH
					REI	PORTED ON	ADJ	USTMENTS		ON THE	FINA	L BUDGET
		BUDGETED	AMO	UNTS	T	HE GAAP	TO B	UDGETARY	BU	DGETARY	P	OSITIVE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS		BASIS		BASIS	(NI	EGATIVE)
Proprietary Funds												
Enterprise Funds												
Light and Power Fund	\$	1,736,645	\$	1,736,645	\$	1,640,834	\$	171,624	\$	1,812,458	\$	(75,813)
Natural Gas Fund		961,645		961,645		1,319,543		16,455		1,335,998		(374,353)
Water Fund		1,372,008		1,372,008		325,559		(13,779)		311,780		1,060,228
Total Enterprise Funds	\$	4,070,298	\$	4,070,298	\$	3,285,936	\$	174,300	\$	3,460,236	\$	610,062

Adjustments to budgetary basis include costs of capitalized assets and depreciation expense.

	City or County:					
	Town of Center					
LOCAL HIGHWAY F	INANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING:			
This Information From The Records Of (example - City of or County of Prepared By: Rose DeHerrera						
Town of Center	city of _ or County of _	Phone: 719-754-3497	Herrera			
Town of Center		1 HOHC. /19-/34-349/				
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER	R REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL	GOVERNMENT EX	PENDITURE		
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from		
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway		
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration		
Total receipts available						
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses						
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes						
4. Minus amount used for mass transit						
5. Remainder used for highway purposes						
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREE	ET PURPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR ID STREET PURPOS			
ITEM	AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT		
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway dis	bursements:			
Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (fi		0		
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	1 2)	56,331		
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		Road and street s	services:			
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic contro	loperations	0		
2. General fund appropriations		 b. Snow and ice 	removal			
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	150,632	c. Other				
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	268	d. Total (a. thro		0		
5. Transfers from toll facilities			ration & miscellaneous	48,978		
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law en	40,260			
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through	145,569			
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on lo	cal obligations:			
c. Notes	^	1. Bonds:				
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	150,000					
7. Total (1 through 6)	150,900	b. Redemption				
B. Private Contributions C. Receipts from State government		c. Total (a. + b.) 2. Notes:	<u> </u>	0		
(from page 2)	65,418	a. Interest		0		
D. Receipts from Federal Government	03,416	b. Redemption		0		
(from page 2)	0			0		
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	216,318	3. Total $(1.c + 2.c)$		0		
	210,510	C. Payments to State		Ů		
		D. Payments to toll fa				
		E. Total disbursemen	ats (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	145,569		
IV	. LOCAL HIGHWA					
	(Show all entri		D 1 4	I (1 5.1)		
A. D. 1. (T. 4.1)	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt		
A. Bonds (Total)	0			0		
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion) B. Notes (Total)	0			0		
D. Notes (Total)	U			l 0		
V. LOC	CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANO	CE			
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation		
304,651	216,318	145,569	375,400	0		
Notes and Comments:						
FORM FHWA-536 (Pov. 1-05)	DDEAIOUG ED	ITIONS OBSOLETE		(Next Page)		

STATE:
Colorado

YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2014

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	AMOUNT ITEM		
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:		
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	23,820	a. Interest on investments	268	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities		
1. Sales Taxes	126,812	 c. Parking Garage Fees 		
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees		
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property		
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services		
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	0	g. Other Misc. Receipts	0	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	126,812	h. Other	0	
c. Total (a. + b.)	150,632	i. Total (a. through h.)	268	
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)	

ITEM	AMOUNT ITEM		AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	65,418	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	0
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	0	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	0	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	65,418	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
A 1 C	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation			0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	0	0
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	0	0
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: